



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Blueshield™ LA 7024

Product Size: 3.2 mm (1/8")

Other means of identification

**SDS number:** 200000008001

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: SMAW (Shielded Metal Arc Welding)

Restrictions on use: Not known. Read this SDS before using this product.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Company Name: Air Liquide Canada Inc.

Address: 1250, René-Lévesque West, Suite 1700

Montreal, QC H3B 5E6

Canada

Telephone: 1-800-817-7697 Contact Person: www.airliquide.ca

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

+1 (514) 878-1667

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), The United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), Canada's Hazardous Product Regulations and Mexico's Harmonized System for the Identification and Communication of Hazards and Risks from Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace.

Hazard Classification Not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification

criteria.

**Label Elements** 

Hazard Symbol: No symbol

Signal Word: No signal word.

Hazard Statement: Not applicable

Precautionary Statements:

Not applicable

Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:

Electrical Shock can kill. If welding must be performed in damp locations or with wet clothing, on metal structures or when in cramped positions such as

sitting, kneeling or lying, or if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with work piece, use the following equipment:

Semiautomatic DC Welder, DC Manual (Stick) Welder, or AC Welder with

Reduced Voltage Control.

Arc rays can injure eyes and burn skin. Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable materials. Overexposure to welding fumes and gases can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using

this product. Refer to Section 8.



# Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use:

The welding fume produced from this welding electrode may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid particles or other constituents from the consumables, base metal, or base metal coating not listed below.

| Chemical Identity | CAS-No.    |
|-------------------|------------|
| Carbon dioxide    | 124-38-9   |
| Carbon monoxide   | 630-08-0   |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | 10102-44-0 |
| Ozone             | 10028-15-6 |
| Manganese         | 7439-96-5  |

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# Reportable Hazardous Ingredients Mixtures

| Chemical Identity                     | CAS number | Content in percent (%)* |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| Iron                                  | 7439-89-6  | 50 - <100%              |  |
| Titanium dioxide                      | 13463-67-7 | 10 - <20%               |  |
| Manganese                             | 7439-96-5  | 1 - <5%                 |  |
| Sodium silicate                       | 1344-09-8  | 1 - <5%                 |  |
| Potassium silicate                    | 1312-76-1  | 1 - <5%                 |  |
| Zircon                                | 14940-68-2 | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Bentonite                             | 1302-78-9  | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Mica                                  | 12001-26-2 | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Magnesite                             | 546-93-0   | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Feldspar                              | 68476-25-5 | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Silicon                               | 7440-21-3  | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Silica, Amorphous, Diatomaceous Earth | 68855-54-9 | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Cristobalite                          | 14464-46-1 | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium salt  | 9004-32-4  | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Quartz                                | 14808-60-7 | 0.1 - <1%               |  |
| Talc                                  | 14807-96-6 | 0.1 - <1%               |  |

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### **Composition Comments:**

The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a welding hazard. The product may contain additional non-hazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## Ingestion:

Avoid hand, clothing, food, and drink contact with fluxes, metal fume or powder which can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth activities such as drinking, eating, smoking, etc. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Contact a poison control center. Unless the poison control center advises otherwise, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms





develop, seek medical attention at once.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform

artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and

water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical

assistance at once.

Eye contact: Dust or fume from this product should be flushed from the eyes with

copious amounts of clean, tepid water until transported to an emergency medical facility. Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly closed.

Obtain medical assistance at once.

Arc rays can injure eyes. If exposed to arc rays, move victim to dark room, remove contact lenses as necessary for treatment, cover eyes with a padded dressing and rest. Obtain medical assistance if symptoms persist.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms:

Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Refer to

Section 11 for more information.

Hazards: The hazards associated with welding and its allied processes such as

soldering and brazing are complex and may include physical and health hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to fumes, gases or dusts potentially generated during the use of this product. Refer to Section 11 for more

information.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment:** Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

General Fire Hazards: As shipped, this product is nonflammable. However, welding arc and

sparks as well as open flames and hot surfaces associated with brazing and soldering can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Read and understand American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" and National Fire Protection Association NFPA 51B, "Standard for Fire Prevention during Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work"

before using this product.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** As shipped, the product will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings:

use appropriate extinguishing agent.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable products.





Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures:

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other

involved materials.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus

and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to recommendations in Section 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Refer to Section 13 for proper disposal.

**Environmental Precautions:** 

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Prevent formation of dust. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary label on the product. See American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the American Welding Society, http://pubs.aws.org and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR1910),

U.S. Government Printing Office, www.gpo.gov.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Store away from incompatible materials.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control Parameters**

Occupational Exposure Limits: US

| Chemical Identity                    | Туре    | Exposure Limit Values | Source  |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide                     | TWA     | 10 mg/m3              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)  |
| Titanium dioxide - Total dust.       | PEL     | 15 mg/m3              | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn               | Ceiling | 5 mg/m3               | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                                      | REL     | 1 mg/m3               | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
|                                      | STEL    | 3 mg/m3               | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn | TWA     | 0.1 mg/m3             | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |



| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn    | TWA          | 0.02 mg/m3  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)   |
|--|--------------|---|--|
| Zircon - as Zr                           | STEL         | 10 mg/m3  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)   |
|  | TWA          | 5 mg/m3   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)   |
|  | PEL          | 5 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006)  |
|  | REL          | 5 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
|  | STEL         | 10 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
| Mica - Respirable fraction.              | TWA          | 3 mg/m3   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)   |
| Mica                                     | TWA          | 20 millions of<br>particles per cubic<br>foot of air  | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |
| Mica - Respirable.                       | REL          | 3 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
| Magnesite - Total                        | REL          | 10 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
| Magnesite - Respirable.                  | REL          | 5 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
| Magnesite - Total dust.                  | PEL          | 15 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006)  |
| Magnesite - Respirable fraction.         | PEL          | 5 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006)  |
| Silicon - Total dust.                    | PEL          | 15 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006)  |
| Silicon - Respirable fraction.           | PEL          | 5 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006)  |
| Silicon - Respirable.                    | REL          | 5 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
| Silicon - Total                          | REL          | 10 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                              |
| Silica, Amorphous,<br>Diatomaceous Earth | TWA          | 10 mg/m3  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values   |
|  | TWA          | 20 millions of<br>particles per cubic<br>foot of air  | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |
|  | TWA          |   | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |
| Cristobalite - Respirable fraction.      | TWA          | 0.025 mg/m3   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)   |
| Cristobalite - Respirable.               | TWA          | 1.2 millions of<br>particles per cubic<br>foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |
|  | TWA          | 0.05 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)<br>(2000)                                    |
| Cristobalite                             | REL          | 6 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)                                 |
| Cristobalite - Respirable dust.          | TWA          | 0.05 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Specifically Regulated<br>Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)<br>(03 2016) |
|  | OSHA_AC<br>T | 0.025 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Specifically Regulated<br>Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)<br>(03 2016) |
| Cristobalite - Respirable dust.          | PEL          | 0.05 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03<br>2016)  |
| Quartz - Respirable fraction.            | TWA          | 0.025 mg/m3   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)   |
| Quartz - Respirable.                     | TWA          | 2.4 millions of<br>particles per cubic<br>foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |



|                             | TWA          | 0.1 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| Quartz - Respirable dust.   | REL          | 0.05 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
| Quartz - Respirable dust.   | TWA          | 0.05 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Specifically Regulated<br>Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)<br>(03 2016) |
|                             | OSHA_AC<br>T | 0.025 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Specifically Regulated<br>Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)<br>(03 2016) |
| Quartz - Respirable dust.   | PEL          | 0.05 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03<br>2016)  |
| Talc - Respirable fraction. | TWA          | 2 mg/m3   | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)   |
| Talc - Respirable.          | REL          | 2 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                 |
| Talc                        | TWA          | 20 millions of<br>particles per cubic<br>foot of air  | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |
| Talc - Respirable.          | TWA          | 2.4 millions of<br>particles per cubic<br>foot of air | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |
|                             | TWA          | 0.1 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)                                       |

Occupational Exposure Limits: Canada

| Chemical Identity                       | Туре          | Exposure Limit Values | Source  |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide                        | TWA           | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Titanium dioxide - Total dust.          | TWA           | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide - Respirable fraction. | TWA           | 3 mg/m3               | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide                        | TWA           | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|   | TWA           | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)  |
|   | 8 HR ACL      | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 20 mg/m3              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Titanium dioxide - Total dust.          | TWA           | 10 mg/m3              | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Manganese - as Mn                       | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3             | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|   | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3             | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|   | 8 HR ACL      | 0.2 mg/m3             | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| _                                       | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.6 mg/m3             | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety  |



|                                       |               |            | Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------|---|
| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn | TWA           | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn  | TWA           | 0.1 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Manganese - as Mn                     | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Manganese - Fume, total dust as Mn    | TWA           | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Zircon - as Zr                        | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                                       | STEL          | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                                       | STEL          | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                                       | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                                       | STEL          | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                                       | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                                       | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                                       | STEL          | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                                       | 8 HR ACL      | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                                       | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                                       | TWA           | 5 mg/m3    | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
|                                       | STEL          | 10 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Mica - Respirable.                    | TWA           | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                                       | TWA           | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Mica - Respirable fraction.           | TWA           | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                                       | TWA           | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                                       | 8 HR ACL      | 3 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                                       | 15 MIN        | 6 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs   |



|                                      | ACL           |             | (Occupational Health and Safety   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---|
|                                      | ACL           |             | Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Mica - Respirable dust.              | TWA           | 3 mg/m3     | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Magnesite - Total dust.              | TWA           | 10 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (07 2010)  |
| Magnesite                            | 8 HR ACL      | 10 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                                      | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 20 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Magnesite - Total dust.              | TWA           | 10 mg/m3    | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Silicon - Total dust.                | TWA           | 10 mg/m3    | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010)  |
| Silicon                              | 8 HR ACL      | 10 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                                      | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 20 mg/m3    | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
| Silicon - Total dust.                | TWA           | 10 mg/m3    | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Cristobalite - Respirable.           | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Cristobalite - Respirable particles. | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Cristobalite - Respirable fraction.  | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                                      | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                                      | 8 HR ACL      | 0.05 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                                      | TWA           | 0.05 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Cristobalite - Respirable dust.      | TWA           | 0.05 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Quartz - Respirable particles.       | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Quartz - Respirable fraction.        | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                                      | TWA           | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                                      | 8 HR ACL      | 0.05 mg/m3  | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                                      | TWA           | 0.10 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Quartz - Respirable dust.            | TWA           | 0.1 mg/m3   | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the  |



|                              |          |             | Work Environment) (09 2017)   |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------|---|
| Talc - Respirable particles. | TWA      | 2 mg/m3     | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
| Talc - Respirable.           | TWA      | 2 mg/m3     | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Talc - Respirable fraction.  | TWA      | 2 mg/m3     | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
| Talc                         | TWA      | 2 fibers/mL | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)  |
| Talc - Respirable fraction.  | 8 HR ACL | 2 mg/m3     | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                              | TWA      | 2 mg/m3     | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (06 2015)  |
| Talc - Respirable dust.      | TWA      | 3 mg/m3     | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |

**Occupational Exposure Limits: Mexico** 

| Chemical Identity                   | Туре    | Exposure Limit Values | Source   |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--|
| Iron - as Fe                        | VLE-PPT | 1 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Titanium dioxide                    | VLE-PPT | 10 mg/m3              | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Manganese - as Mn                   | VLE-PPT | 0.2 mg/m3             | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Zircon - as Zr                      | VLE-PPT | 5 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
|                                     | VLE-CT  | 10 mg/m3              | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Mica - Respirable fraction.         | VLE-PPT | 3 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Cristobalite - Respirable fraction. | VLE-PPT | 0.025 mg/m3           | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Quartz - Respirable fraction.       | VLE-PPT | 0.025 mg/m3           | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Talc - Respirable fraction.         | VLE-CT  | 2 mg/m3               | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: US

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Limit Values |              | Source  |
|-------------------|------|-----------------------|--------------|---|
| Carbon dioxide    | TWA  | 5,000 ppm             |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)  |
|                   | STEL | 30,000 ppm            |              | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)  |
|                   | PEL  | 5,000 ppm             | 9,000 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                   | STEL | 30,000 ppm            | 54,000 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
|                   | REL  | 5,000 ppm             | 9,000 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical   |



|                                       |           |          |            | Hazards (2005)  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|---|
| Carbon monoxide                       | TWA       | 25 ppm   |            | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)  |
|                                       | PEL       | 50 ppm   | 55 mg/m3   | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                                       | REL       | 35 ppm   | 40 mg/m3   | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
|                                       | Ceil_Time | 200 ppm  | 229 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
| Nitrogen dioxide                      | TWA       | 0.2 ppm  |            | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)  |
|                                       | Ceiling   | 5 ppm    | 9 mg/m3    | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                                       | STEL      | 1 ppm    | 1.8 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
| Ozone                                 | PEL       | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3  | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                                       | Ceil_Time | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3  | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)                                |
|                                       | TWA       | 0.05 ppm |            | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |
|                                       | TWA       | 0.20 ppm |            | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |
|                                       | TWA       | 0.10 ppm |            | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |
|                                       | TWA       | 0.08 ppm |            | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn                | Ceiling   |          | 5 mg/m3    | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air<br>Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02<br>2006) |
|                                       | REL       |          | 1 mg/m3    | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
|                                       | STEL      |          | 3 mg/m3    | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical<br>Hazards (2005)                             |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn  | TWA       |          | 0.1 mg/m3  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn | TWA       |          | 0.02 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)  |

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Canada

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Li | mit Values  | Source  |
|-------------------|------|-------------|---|---|
| Carbon dioxide    | STEL | Health & S  | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009) |   |
|                   | TWA  | 5,000 ppm   | 9,000 mg/m3   | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA  | 5,000 ppm   |   | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | STEL | 15,000 ppm  |   | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | TWA  | 5,000 ppm   |   | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                   | STEL | 30,000 ppm  |   | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                   | STEL | 30,000 ppm  |   | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)  |



|                  | TWA           | 5,000 ppm  |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)  |
|------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|---|
|                  | 8 HR ACL      | 5,000 ppm  |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 30,000 ppm |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | TWA           | 5,000 ppm  | 9,000 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
|                  | STEL          | 30,000 ppm | 54,000 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Carbon monoxide  | TWA           | 25 ppm     | 29 mg/m3     | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                  | TWA           | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                  | STEL          | 100 ppm    |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                  | TWA           | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2011)  |
|                  | TWA           | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010)  |
|                  | 8 HR ACL      | 25 ppm     |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 190 ppm    |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | TWA           | 35 ppm     | 40 mg/m3     | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
|                  | STEL          | 200 ppm    | 230 mg/m3    | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Nitrogen dioxide | STEL          | 5 ppm      | 9.4 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                  | TWA           | 3 ppm      | 5.6 mg/m3    | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                  | CEILING       | 1 ppm      |              | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                  | TWA           | 0.2 ppm    |              | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2012)  |
|                  | STEL          | 5 ppm      |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                  | TWA           | 3 ppm      |              | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of<br>Exposure to Biological or Chemical<br>Agents) (11 2010)  |
|                  | 8 HR ACL      | 3 ppm      |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                  | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 5 ppm      |              | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety  |



|                   |               |          |           | Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|-------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|---|
|                   | TWA           | 3 ppm    | 5.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017)  |
| Ozone             | STEL          | 0.3 ppm  | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA           | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA           | 0.05 ppm |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | TWA           | 0.1 ppm  |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | TWA           | 0.08 ppm |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | TWA           | 0.2 ppm  |           | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | TWA           | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010)  |
|                   | STEL          | 0.3 ppm  | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010)  |
|                   | 15 MIN<br>ACL | 0.15 ppm |           | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                   | 8 HR ACL      | 0.05 ppm |           | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                   | CEILING       | 0.1 ppm  | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)  |
|                   | TWA           | 0.20 ppm |           | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
|                   | TWA           | 0.05 ppm |           | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
|                   | TWA           | 0.08 ppm |           | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
|                   | TWA           | 0.10 ppm |           | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)  |
| Manganese - as Mn | TWA           |          | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational<br>Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table<br>2) (07 2009)   |
|                   | TWA           |          | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|                   | 8 HR ACL      |          | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |
|                   | 15 MIN<br>ACL |          | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs<br>(Occupational Health and Safety<br>Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009)  |



| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn | TWA | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)                     |
|---------------------------------------|-----|------------|--|
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn  | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3  | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006,<br>The Workplace Safety And Health Act)<br>(03 2014)                     |
| Manganese - as Mn                     | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (06 2015)                         |
| Manganese - Fume, total dust as Mn    | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3  | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (09 2017) |

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Mexico

| Chemical Identity | Туре    | Exposure Limit Values | s     | Source   |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|--|
| Carbon dioxide    | VLE-CT  | 30,000 ppm            |       | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
|                   | VLE-PPT | 5,000 ppm             |       | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Carbon monoxide   | VLE-PPT | 25 ppm                |       | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | VLE-PPT | 0.2 ppm               |       | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Ozone             | VLE-P   | 0.1 ppm               |       | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |
| Manganese - as Mn | VLE-PPT | 0.2                   | mg/m3 | Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014<br>Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace;<br>Assessment and Control) (04 2014) |

# Appropriate Engineering Controls

**Ventilation:** Use enough ventilation and local exhaust at the arc, flame or heat source to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the operator to keep their head out of the fumes. **Keep exposure as low as possible.** 

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment General information: Exposure Guidelines: To reduce the po

**Exposure Guidelines:** To reduce the potential for overexposure, use controls such as adequate ventilation and personal protective equipment (PPE). Overexposure refers to exceeding applicable local limits, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs). Workplace exposure levels should be established by competent industrial hygiene assessments. Unless exposure levels are confirmed to be below the applicable local limit, TLV or PEL, whichever is lower, respirator use is required. Absent these controls, overexposure to one or more compound constituents, including those in the fume or airborne particles, may occur resulting in potential health hazards. According to the ACGIH, TLVs and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) "represent conditions under which ACGIH believes that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse health effects." The ACGIH further states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Section 10 for information on constituents which have some potential to present health hazards. Welding consumables and materials being joined may contain chromium as an unintended trace element. Materials that contain chromium may produce some amount of hexavalent chromium (CrVI) and other chromium compounds as a byproduct in the fume. In 2018, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)





lowered the Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for hexavalent chromium from 50 micrograms per cubic meter of air (50  $\mu$ g/m³) to 0.2  $\mu$ g/m³. At these new limits, CrVI exposures at or above the TLV may be possible in cases where adequate ventilation is not provided. CrVI compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing a lung cancer and sinus cancer risk. Workplace conditions are unique and welding fume exposures levels vary. Workplace exposure assessments must be conducted by a qualified professional, such as an industrial hygienist, to determine if exposures are below applicable limits and to make recommendations when necessary for preventing overexposures.

Eye/face protection:

Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens shade number 12 or darker for open arc processes – or follow the recommendations as specified in ANSI Z49.1, Section 4, based on your process and settings. No specific lens shade recommendation for submerged arc or electroslag processes. Shield others by providing appropriate screens and flash goggles.

Skin Protection
Hand Protection:

Wear protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other:

**Protective Clothing:** Wear hand, head, and body protection which help to prevent injury from radiation, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks and electrical shock. See Z49.1. At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield when welding, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing when welding, brazing and soldering. Wear dry gloves free of holes or split seams. Train the operator not to permit electrically live parts or electrodes from contacting the skin . . . or clothing or gloves if they are wet. Insulate yourself from the work piece and ground using dry plywood, rubber mats or other dry insulation.

**Respiratory Protection:** 

Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits.

Hygiene measures:

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, www.aws.org.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:** Steel rod with extruded flux coating.

Physical state: Solid Form: Solid

Color: No data available.

Odor: No data available.

Odor threshold: No data available.

pH: No data available.





**Melting point/freezing point:** No data available. **Initial boiling point and boiling** No data available.

range:

Flash Point: No data available. **Evaporation rate:** No data available. Flammability (solid, gas): No data available. Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - upper (%): No data available. Flammability limit - lower (%): No data available. Explosive limit - upper (%): No data available. **Explosive limit - lower (%):** No data available. Vapor pressure: No data available. Vapor density: No data available. Density: No data available.

Relative density: Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water: No data available.

Solubility (other): No data available.

Partition coefficient (n- No data available.

octanol/water):

Auto-ignition temperature:No data available.Decomposition temperature:No data available.Viscosity:No data available.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and

transport.

No data available.

**Chemical Stability:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

None under normal conditions.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat or contamination.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids. Strong oxidizing substances. Strong bases.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products:** 

Fumes and gases from welding and its allied processes such as brazing and soldering cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal to which the joining or hot work is applied, the process, procedure - and where applicable - the electrode or consumable used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded or worked (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of operators and the volume of the work area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the operator's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of

contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors

from cleaning and degreasing activities.)

In cases where an electrode or other applied material is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent



and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal and coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonably expected fume constituents produced during arc welding and brazing include the oxides of iron, manganese and other metals present in the welding consumable or base metal. Hexavalent chromium compounds may be in the welding or brazing fume of consumables or base metals which contain chromium. Gaseous and particulate fluoride may be in the fume of consumables or flux materials which contain fluoride. Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc associated with welding.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### General information:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined welding fumes and ultraviolet radiation from welding are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). According to IARC, welding fumes cause cancer of the lung and positive associations have been observed with cancer of the kidney. Also according to IARC, ultraviolet radiation from welding causes ocular melanoma. IARC identifies gouging, brazing, carbon arc or plasma arc cutting, and soldering as processes closely related to welding. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:

Potential chronic health hazards related to the use of welding consumables are most applicable to the inhalation route of exposure. Refer to Inhalation statements in Section 11.

**Skin Contact:** 

Arc rays can burn skin. Skin cancer has been reported.

Eye contact:

Arc rays can injure eyes.

Ingestion:

Health injuries from ingestion are not known or expected under normal use.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation:

Respiratory exposure to the crystalline silica present in this welding electrode is not anticipated during normal use. Respiratory overexposure to airborne crystalline silica is known to cause silicosis, a form of disabling pulmonary fibrosis which can be progressive and may lead to death. Crystalline silica is on the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) and NTP (National Toxicology Program) lists as posing a cancer risk to humans. Note: All regional authorities do not use the same criteria for assigning carcinogenic classifications to chemicals. For example, the European Union (EU) CLP does not require classifying crystalline silica as a carcinogenic compound. Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects.

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)



Oral

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Iron LD 50 (Rat): 98.6 g/kg
Sodium silicate LD 50 (Rat): 1.1 g/kg
Zircon LD 50 (Rat): 3,200 mg/kg
Carboxymethyl cellulose, LD 50 (Rat): 2,700 mg/kg

sodium salt

Dermal

Product: Not classified

Inhalation

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Carboxymethyl cellulose, LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 5,800 mg/m3

sodium salt

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: Not classified

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: Not classified

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization** 

Product: Not classified

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** Arc rays: Skin cancer has been reported.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

Titanium dioxide Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Cristobalite Overall evaluation: 1. Carcinogenic to humans.

Quartz Overall evaluation: 1. Carcinogenic to humans.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:** 

Cristobalite Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Quartz Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

Cristobalite Cancer Quartz Cancer

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: Not classified

In vivo

Product: Not classified

Reproductive toxicity

Product: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: Not classified



**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure** 

Product: Not classified

**Aspiration Hazard** 

**Product:** Not classified

Other effects: Organic polymers may be used in the manufacture of various welding

consumables. Overexposure to their decomposition byproducts may result in a condition known as polymer fume fever. Polymer fume fever usually occurs within 4 to 8 hours of exposure with the presentation of flu like symptoms, including mild pulmonary irritation with or without an increase in body temperature. Signs of exposure can include an increase in white blood cell count. Resolution of symptoms typically occurs quickly, usually

not lasting longer than 48 hours.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics under the condition of use

Inhalation:

Specified substance(s):

Manganese Overexposure to manganese fumes may affect the brain and central

nervous system, resulting in poor coordination, difficulty speaking, and arm

or leg tremor. This condition can be irreversible.

Additional toxicological Information under the conditions of use:

Acute toxicity Inhalation

Specified substance(s):

Carbon dioxide LC Lo (Human, 5 min): 90000 ppm

Carbon monoxide LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1300 ppm Nitrogen dioxide LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 88 ppm

Ozone LC Lo (Human, 30 min): 50 ppm

Other effects:

Specified substance(s):

Carbon dioxide Asphyxia

Carbon monoxide Carboxyhemoglobinemia
Nitrogen dioxide Lower respiratory tract irritation

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity**

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

**Product:** Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Sodium silicate LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis), 96 h): 1,800 mg/l LC 50 (Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h):

19,000 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Manganese EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 40 mg/l

Sodium silicate EC 50 (Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia), 48 h): 22.94 - 49.01 mg/l Carboxymethyl cellulose, EC 50 (Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia), 48 h): 46.04 - 165.37 mg/l





sodium salt

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: Not classified

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

Product: Not classified

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants** 

Product: Not classified

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

**Product:** No data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)** 

**Product:** No data available.

**Mobility in soil:** No data available.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General information:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever

possible. When practical, recycle in an environmentally acceptable, regulatory compliant manner. Dispose of non-recyclable products in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and Local

requirements.

**Disposal instructions:** Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste

collection point.

Contaminated Packaging: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR
Label(s): –
Packing Group: –
Marine Pollutant: No

**IMDG** 

**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR Label(s): –

EmS No.:

Packing Group: –
Marine Pollutant: No





IATA

**UN Number:** 

Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: NR Label(s): Packing Group: Marine Pollutant: Nο Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

**TDG** 

**UN Number:** 

**UN Proper Shipping Name:** NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR Label(s): Packing Group: Marine Pollutant: No

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **US Federal Regulations**

## TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

**Chemical Identity** OSHA hazard(s) Cristobalite

kidney effects

Cancer

immune system effects

lung effects

Quartz kidney effects

lung effects

immune system effects

Cancer

## CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

**Chemical Identity** Reportable quantity

Included in the regulation but with no data values. See Manganese

regulation for further details.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** 

Not classified Not classified

#### **SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

## **SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification**

**Chemical Identity** Reportable quantity

Manganese Included in the regulation but with no data values. See

regulation for further details.



#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

| Chemical Identity                     | Threshold Planning Quantity |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Iron                                  | 10000 lbs                   |
| Titanium dioxide                      | 10000 lbs                   |
| Manganese                             | 10000 lbs                   |
| Sodium silicate                       | 10000 lbs                   |
| Potassium silicate                    | 10000 lbs                   |
| Zircon                                | 10000 lbs                   |
| Bentonite                             | 10000 lbs                   |
| Mica                                  | 10000 lbs                   |
| Magnesite                             | 10000 lbs                   |
| Feldspar                              | 10000 lbs                   |
| Silicon                               | 10000 lbs                   |
| Silica, Amorphous, Diatomaceous Earth | 10000 lbs                   |
| Cristobalite                          | 10000 lbs                   |
| Carboxymethyl cellulose, sodium salt  | 10000 lbs                   |
| Quartz                                | 10000 lbs                   |
| Talc                                  | 10000 lbs                   |

## **SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)**

|                   | Reporting threshold | Reporting threshold for      |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Chemical Identity | for other users     | manufacturing and processing |
| Manganese         | 10000 lbs           | 25000 lbs.                   |

#### Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

## **US State Regulations**

#### **US. California Proposition 65**



#### **WARNING**

Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

**WARNING:** This product contains or produces a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

## **Chemical Identity**

Titanium dioxide Manganese Cristobalite Quartz Talc

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

## **Chemical Identity**

Cristobalite Quartz

## US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

## **Chemical Identity**

Titanium dioxide Manganese



#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

#### **Canada Federal Regulations**

List of Toxic Substances (CEPA, Schedule 1)

#### **Chemical Identity**

Titanium dioxide

Mica

Talc

#### Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not Regulated

#### **National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)**

Canada. National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI) Substances, Part 5, VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements

NPRI PT5 Not Regulated

#### Canada. National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI) (Schedule 1, Parts 1-4)

NPRI Not Regulated

#### **Greenhouse Gases**

Not Regulated

#### **Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

CA CDSI Not Regulated
CA CDSII Not Regulated
CA CDSIII Not Regulated
CA CDSIV Not Regulated
CA CDSV Not Regulated
CA CDSVII Not Regulated
CA CDSVIII Not Regulated
CA CDSVIII Not Regulated

#### **Precursor Control Regulations**

Not Regulated

## Mexico. Substances subject to reporting for the pollutant release and transfer registry (PRTR): Not applicable

### **Inventory Status:**

Australia AICS: On or in compliance with the inventory

Canada DSL Inventory List:

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: On or in compliance with the inventory Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): On or in compliance with the inventory

Canada NDSL Inventory: One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

Philippines PICCS: On or in compliance with the inventory

US TSCA Inventory: One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: On or in compliance with the inventory

Japan ISHL Listing:

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

Mexico INSQ: On or in compliance with the inventory

Ontario Inventory: One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.





Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: On or in compliance with the inventory

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Definitions:** 

**Revision Date:** 10/23/2018

**Further Information:** Additional information is available by request.

**Disclaimer:** This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to

be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.